Understanding SNAP Time Limits

September 28th, 2023 | 1:00 PM





TJC Anti-Hunger Advocacy

Our mission: End hunger in Tennessee by protecting and strengthening the federal nutrition programs: SNAP, WIC, Child Nutrition Programs

- Improve access and remove barriers to programs
- Advocate for solutions to systemic issues
- Educate and inform
- Provide policy expertise
- Direct client work



Federal Nutrition Programs

SNAP Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program WIC Special
Supplemental Nutrition
Program for Women
Infant and Children

NSLP National School Lunch Program **SBP** School Breakfast Program

SFSP Summer Food Service Program

CACFP Child and Adult Care Food Program The Special Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program for Women, Infants, and Children:



Reduces Food Insecurity



Improves Dietary Intake and Health



Protects Against Obesity



Boosts Learning and Development



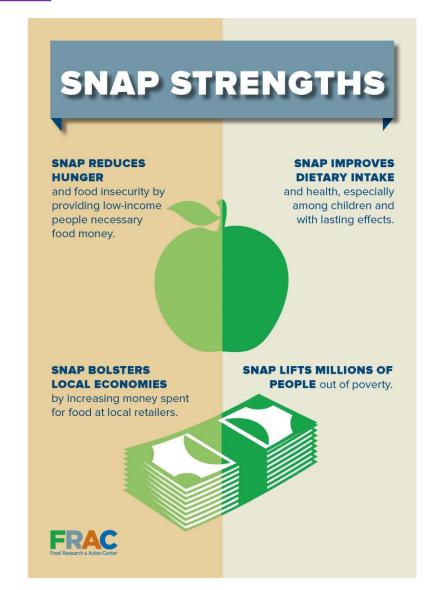
Supports Economic Security



Lifts Families out of Poverty



Acts as Stimulus for Local Economies



Agenda

- What Are Time Limits?
- Policy Harm to People
- Background and Context
- Legislation
- How to Take Action



What Are Time Limits?

Origins

Clinton-Era "Welfare Reform Act"

- The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (PRWORA) of 1996
- Political trend focused on self-sufficiency and personal responsibility
- Doesn't address the systemic issues to address poverty

Federal Public Health Emergency (FPHE)

- SNAP 3-month time limit suspended during pandemic
- FPHE ended May 11, 2023
 - Time limit clock resumed July 1, 2023
 - October 1, 2023, some SNAP participants
 will lose SNAP



3 Month Time Limits

Policy limits certain SNAP participants to 3 months of benefits unless they meet work requirements

- limited to 3 months benefits in 3-year period
- Clock resets January 1, 2024
- If dropped, must prove 30 days of meeting requirement or be exempt to receive SNAP again



Who is Subject?

USDA term for time limited people: Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWDs)

- Ages 18-52*;
- Do not have a disability; AND
- Do not care for child or dependent.

AbleBodiedAdultWithoutDependents

^{*}As of 10/1/23 (Increased by the Debt Ceiling Agreement)

Requirements

Must meet **ONE** to keep SNAP benefits after 3 months:

- 20 hours/week or 80 hours/month of:
 - Paid work
 - Work for trade (work in exchange for rent etc.);
 - Unpaid work/volunteering;
 - Workforce development programs (American Job Centers);
 - SNAP Employment & Training (E&T);
 - Adult Education (HiSET and GED classes); OR
- Meet Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) requirements (Families First)



Time Limit Exemptions

- Younger than 18 or older than 52 years;
- Care for child under 18 years;
- Earn \$217.50 pre-tax per week, regardless of hours worked;
- Have disability or issue that makes it hard to work;
- Are pregnant;
- Applied for/currently receiving unemployment;
- Participate in drug or alcohol addiction program;
- Care for a disabled person;
- Other reasons that prohibit work; OR
- Are homeless;
- Are formerly in foster care and under 25;
- Are a veteran (regardless of discharge status);



New Modified Exemptions created in 2023

College Students

Must work 20 hours/week to keep SNAP benefits

Student exemptions from 3-month time limit:

- Under 18/over 52 years old
- Have documented disability
- Participate in federal work study or training program for 20 hours/week
- Care for child under 6; or child 6-11 but unable to get childcare; or single parent enrolled full-time with child under 12 years
- Participate in TANF (Families First)
- Enrolled in E&T or similar program

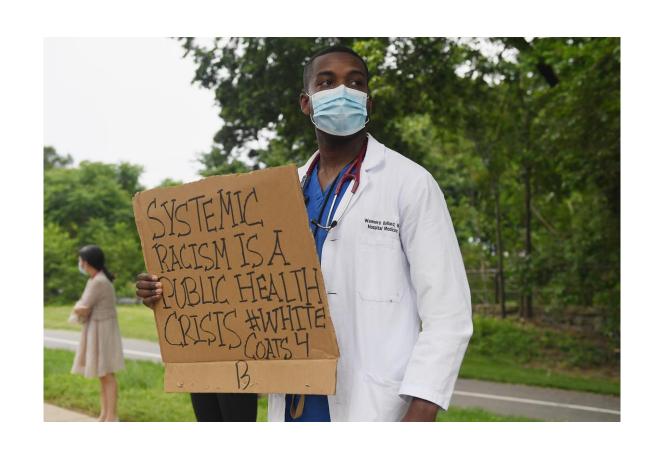


Policy Harm to People

Systemic Issues

Time limits do not address the underlying causes of poverty & food insecurity

- Racism & discrimination
- Lack of jobs/barriers to work
- Implicit and explicit bias
- Underemployment
- Wage stagnation
- Barriers to education



Systemic Issues

Time Limits leave vulnerable populations the most at risk

- Housing insecure, especially the marginally homeless
- Mental or physical health issues
- Domestic abuse and other "invisible" situations
- People with disabilities not recognized by SSDI



Time Limits Don't Work

FNS study on effects of time limits:

Time limits significantly reduce SNAP participation

HOWEVER



 "There was no evidence that ABAWD time limit increased employment or annual earnings."

Source

Whom Does Snap Reach?

In fiscal year 2022, it helped:

- 825,300 Tennessee residents, or 12% of the state population (1 in 9)
- 41,206,900 participants in the United States, or 12% of the total population (1 in 8)

TENNESSEE	more than 71% of SNAP participants are in families with children	more than 35% are in families with members who are older adults or are disabled	more than 37% are in working families
NATIONALLY	more than 65% of SNAP participants are in families with children	more than 36% are in families with members who are older adults or are disabled	more than 41% are in working families

Those who can work do work.

Falling Through the Cracks

Time Limits don't capture all work, and some can be hard to prove:

- Gig workers
- contracted workers
- Seasonal workers
- Cash-paid work
- Tipped employees
- Project-based work (not time-based)
- Underemployment





Falling Through the Cracks

Rural Tennesseans at risk of lost SNAP due to time limit policy:

- Family farming and other informal work
- Transportation Issues
- Access to internet
- Fewer opportunities for employment

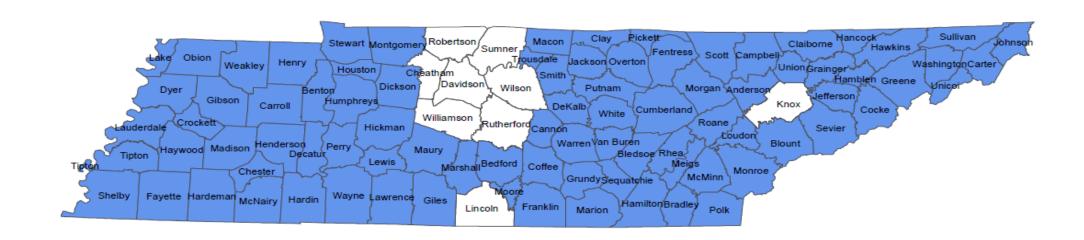


One third of areas without enough jobs are rural areas Source

Background & Context

County Waivers

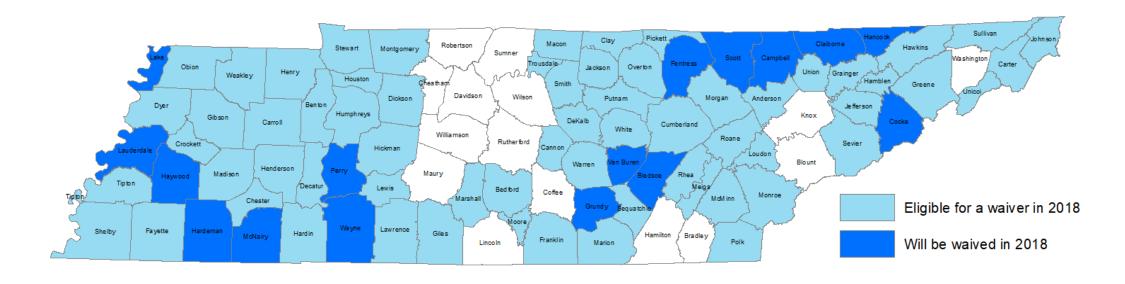
How TN has used waivers in the past: 2017



Waived (86)

County Waivers

How TN has used waivers in the past: 2018



In 2018, 80 Counties were eligible for waivers, only 16 were waived

County Waivers

How TN has used waivers in the past: 2019



- Bledsoe
- Hancock
- Lake
- Lauderdale
- Scott
- McNairy

Discretionary Exemptions

State gets exemptions equal to 8% of overall caseloads

- TN has ~338k exemptions banked
- Exemptions allow people or populations to continue to receive SNAP as determined by the state SNAP agency. Example of other states use:
 - Recent prison release
 - Domestic violence
 - Substance abuse

TDHS use for: admin error and to cover

newly exempt categories

LEGISLATION

EATS Act (H.R. 3183)

Enhanced Access to SNAP Act/Rep. Jimmy Gomez

- Would remove work reporting requirements for fulltime college students
- Hunger should not be part of the college experience



Improving Access to Nutrition Act (H.R. 1510)

- Rep. Barbara Lee
- Would abolish the 3-month time limit
- Would remove work requirement policy enacted by PRWORA
- MORE INFO



ADVOCACY/ACTION OPPORTUNITIES

Legislative Action

How to help:

- Contact your legislators and urge them to adopt these bills
- House Agriculture Committee members from TN overseeing the Farm Bill. Rep. <u>Scott DesJarlais (TN-04)</u> and <u>Rep. John Rose (TN-06)</u>.
- Senators <u>Blackburn</u> and <u>Hagerty</u>









Other Ways to Help

- Sharing Information with your clients and the community
 - Help people understand time limits so they don't get dropped unintentionally!
- Be in the know <u>Time Limit Flyer</u>
- Legislation Page <u>HERE</u>
- Contact TJC!
 - Call or email us with questions



Help Save WIC!

- WIC funding is under attack
- Over 133,000 women, infants, and children are at risk of losing benefits
- Use this link to send a letter to your representatives

HELP SAVE WIC!



Information & Resources

- TJC's Time Limit Flyer
- FNS Study on Time Limits
- Center on Budget Policy Priorities TN SNAP Facts Sheet
- Dept. of Labor Stats on Employment Opportunities
- Help Save WIC Legislative Action
- TJC's Anti-Hunger Page

QUESTIONS?

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